Mark

JOHN PREPARES FOR

JESUS (1:1–8; Matt. 3:1–12; Luke 3:1–18; John 1:19–28)

1 This is the beginning of the .Good News ² "[Look; TBehold,] I ·will send [am sending] my messenger ahead of you, who will prepare your way [Mal. 3:1]." 3"This is a voice of one who ·calls out [shouts; cries out] in the ·desert [wilderness]: 'Prepare the way for the Lord. Make .the road straight [a clear path] for him [ls. 40:3]."" 4John [cthe Baptist] was baptizing people in the ·desert [wilderness] and preaching a baptism of ·changed hearts and lives [turning from sin; repentance] for the ·forgiveness [remission] of sins. 5All the people from Judea and Jerusalem were going out to him. They confessed their sins and were baptized by him in the Jordan River.

6John wore clothes made from camel's hair, had a leather belt around his waist [creminiscent of the prophet Elijah; 2 Kin. 1:8], and ate locusts and wild honey [csignifies living off the land].

7This is what John preached to the people:
"There is one coming after me who is
•greater [mightier; more powerful] than I; I
am not •good enough [fit; qualified] even to
kneel down and untie [+the thong/strap of]
his sandals [ca task of a servant or slave].

8I baptize you with water, but he will

baptize you with the Holy Spirit."

JESUS IS BAPTIZED AND TESTED (1:9–13; Matt. 3:13–17; 4:1–11; Luke 3:21–22; 4:1–-13 9-At that time [In those days] Jesus came from the town of Nazareth in Galilee and was baptized by John in the Jordan River.

10 Immediately, as Jesus was coming up out of the water, he saw ·heaven [the sky] ·open [split open]. The Holy Spirit [LSpirit] ·came down [descended] on him like a dove [ceither in the form of a dove, or in bird-like descent],

are my ·Son, whom I love [dearly beloved Son; Ps. 2:7; Gen. 22:2], ·and I am very pleased with you [in whom I take great delight; Is. 42:1]."

12. Then [Immediately] the Spirit .sent [drove; compelled] Jesus into the .desert [wilderness].

13He was in the ·desert [wilderness] forty days [canalogous to Israel's forty years] and was ·tempted [or tested] by Satan [cas both Adam and Eve and the nation Israel in the wilderness were tempted, but failed]. He was with the wild animals [cdangerous or perhaps Eden-like conditions], and the angels came and ·took care of [served; ministered to] him.

JESUS ANNOUNCES THE GOOD NEWS (1:14– 15; Matt. 4:17) 14 After John was put in prison [cby Herod Antipas; cf. 6:14–29], Jesus went into Galilee, preaching the Good News

[Gospel] •from [about] God.

15 He said, "The •right time has come

[•time is fulfilled]. •The kingdom of God

[God's sovereign rule] is •near [at hand].

•Change your hearts and lives [Turn from your sins; Repent] and believe the •Good

News [Gospel]!"

JESUS CHOOSES HIS FIRST FOLLOWERS

(1:16–20; Matt. 4:18–22; Luke 5:2–11; John 1:35–42)

16When Jesus was walking by Lake Galilee [Tthe Sea of Galilee], he saw Simon [cPeter; cf. 3:16] and his brother Andrew •throwing [casting] a net into the lake because they were fishermen. 17 Jesus said to them, "Come ·follow me [be my disciples], and I will ·make you [teach you how to] fish for people." 18**So Simon and Andrew immediately left** their nets and followed him. ¹⁹Going a little farther, Jesus saw two more brothers, James and John, the sons of Zebedee [LJames the son of Zebedee, and his brother John]. They were in a boat, .mending [preparing] their nets. 20 Jesus immediately called them, and they left their father Zebedee in the boat with the hired workers and followed Jesus.

JESUS FORCES OUT AN EVIL SPIRIT (1:21–28; Luke 4:31–37)

21 Jesus and his ·followers [disciples] went to Capernaum [ca town on the northwest shore of Lake Galilee; it became Jesus' home base]. On the Sabbath day he went to the synagogue and began to teach.

22The people were amazed at his teaching, because he taught ·like [as] a person who had authority, not ·like [as] •their teachers of the law [the scribes; cexperts in the law of Moses]. 23 Just then, a man was there in the synagogue who had an ·evil [defiling: Lunclean] spirit in him. [cDemons were viewed as "unclean" or defiling spirit-beings.] He shouted, 24"Jesus of Nazareth [the Nazarene]! What do you want with us? [Let us alone!; What business do we have with each other? LWhat to us and to you?] Did you come to destroy us? I know who you are—God's Holy One!" ²⁵Jesus ·commanded [reprimanded; rebuked] the evil spirit, "Be quiet! Come out of the man!" 26The •evil [defiling; Lunclean] spirit •shook the man violently [threw him into convulsions], gave a ·loud cry [shriek], and then came out of him. 27The people were [all] so amazed they asked each other, "What is happening here? This man is teaching something new, and with authority. He even gives •commands [orders] to •evil [defiling; Lunclean spirits, and they obey him." ²⁸And the ·news [report; fame] about

Jesus spread quickly everywhere in the

area of Galilee.

JESUS HEALS MANY PEOPLE (1:29–39; Matt. 8:14–17; Luke 4:38–43) 29As soon as Jesus and his ·followers
[disciples] left the synagogue, they went
to the home of Simon [CPeter] and Andrew,
together with James and John.

30 Simon's mother-in-law was sick in bed with a fever, and •the people [Lthey; Ceither the people or the disciples] told Jesus about her.

31 So Jesus went to her bed, took her hand, and ·helped [raised] her up. The fever left her, and she began ·serving them [waiting on them; cpresumably meal preparation].

32 That evening, after the sun went down, the people brought to Jesus all who were sick and ·had demons in them [were demon-possessed]. 33 The whole town gathered at the door.

34 Jesus healed many who had different kinds of sicknesses, and he ·forced many demons to leave people [-drove/cast out many demons]. But he would not allow the demons to speak, because they knew who he was. [CThey knew he was the Messiah; Jesus wanted to avoid premature publicity.]

35 [Very] Early the next morning, while it was still dark, Jesus ·woke [got up] and left the house. He went to a ·lonely [isolated; deserted] place, where he prayed.

36 Simon and his ·friends [companions] went to look for Jesus.

37 When they found him, they said,
"Everyone is looking for you!"
38 Jesus answered, "•We should [Let us]
go to other towns around here so I can
preach there, too. That is the reason I
came."

³⁹ So he went everywhere in Galilee, preaching in the synagogues and ·forcing [driving; casting] out demons.

JESUS HEALS A SICK MAN (1:40–45; Matt. 8:1–4; Luke 5:12–16 40 A man with •a skin disease* [Tleprosy; cthe term does not refer to modern leprosy (Hansen's disease), but to various skin disorders; Lev. 14] came to Jesus. He fell to his knees and begged* Jesus, "You can •heal* me [Lmake me clean; cleprosy rendered a person ceremonially defiled ("unclean"), and so unable to participate in Israel's religious life] if you •will [are willing; want to]."

41 Jesus felt ·sorryn [compassion*] for the man, so he reached out* his hand and touched* him and said, "I ·will [am willing; want to]. Be ·healed* [Lcleansed]!"

42 Immediately the ·disease* [Tleprosy] left the man, and he was ·healed* [Lcleansed].

43 Jesus told the man to go away at once, but he warned* him strongly,

44 "Don't tell anyone about this. But go and show* yourself to the priest. And offer the ·gift* [offering; sacrifices] Moses commanded for ·people who are made

well* [Lyour cleansing; Lev. 14:1–32]. This will ·show* the people [be a public testimony to; be evidence for] what I have done."

45 The man left there, but he began to tell everyone that Jesus had healed* him, and so he spread* •the news about Jesus [the message; the word]. As a result, Jesus could not enter a town •if people saw him [publicly]. He stayed in •places where nobody lived [secluded/ deserted places], but people •came [kept coming] to him from everywhere.

JESUS HEALS A
PARALYZED MAN (2:1–12;
Matt. 9:1–8; Luke 5:17–26)

man.

2 A few days later*, when Jesus came back to Capernaum*, the news spread that he was at home.

2 Many people gathered together* so that
there was no room in the house, not even
•outside [near; in front of] the door. And
Jesus was •teaching* them God's
message* [Lspeaking the word to them].

3 Four people came, carrying a paralyzed*

4 Since they could not get to Jesus
because of the crowd*, they dug a hole in
the roof* right above where he was
speaking. [Palestinian roofs were generally
flat and made of thatch and dried mud.]
When they got through*, they lowered* the
mat* [cot] with the paralyzed* man on it.

- 5 When Jesus saw the faith* of these people, he said to the paralyzed* man, "Young man* [Child; Son], your sins* are forgiven*."
- 6 Some of the ·teachers* of the law [scribes] were sitting there, thinking* to themselves,
- 7"Why does this man ·say* things like that [speak this way]? He is ·speaking* as if he were God [Lblaspheming]. ·Only God can forgive* sins*." [L"Who can forgive sins but God alone?"; cf. ls. 43:25].
- 8 Jesus knew* immediately [in his spirit] what these teachers* of the law were thinking*. So he said* to them, "Why are you thinking* these things [Lin your hearts]?
- 9 Which is easier*: to tell* this paralyzed*
 man, 'Your sins* are forgiven*,' or to tell*
 him, 'Stand up*. Take your ·mat* [cot] and
 walk*'?
- 10 But ·I will prove* to you [Lso that you may know] that the Son of Man* [Ca title for the Messiah; Dan. 7:13–14] has authority* on earth to forgive* sins*." So Jesus said* to the paralyzed* man,
- 11 "I tell* you, stand up*, take your ·mat* [cot], and go home*."
- 12 Immediately the paralyzed* man stood up*, took his ·mat* [cot], and walked out* while everyone was watching* him. The

people were [all] amazed* and praised*
God. They said*, "We have never seen*
anything like this!"

13 Jesus went to the lake again*. The whole crowd ·followed* him [came to him] there, and he taught* them. 14While he was walking along, he saw* a man named Levi* son of Alphaeus* sitting in the tax collector's booth* [cprobably a tariff booth for taxing goods in transit]. Jesus said to him, "Follow* me," and he stood up and followed* Jesus. 15Later, as Jesus was ·having dinner* [reclining; caround a low table, the posture for a formal banquet or dinner party] at Levi's house, many tax collectors* and sinners* were eating* there with Jesus and his followers*. Many people like this followed* Jesus. 16 When the ·teachers* of the law* [scribes] who were Pharisees* saw Jesus eating* with the tax collectors* and sinners*, they asked his followers*, "Why does he eat* with tax collectors* and sinners*?" [CTax collectors were despised because they worked for the Roman rulers and were notorious for corruption and extortion. 17 Jesus heard this and said to them, "It is not the healthy* people who need a doctor*, but the sick*. I did not come to •invite* [call] •good* people [the righteous;

cmeaning the "self-righteous" who feel no need to repent] but to ·invite* [call] sinners* [cthose who recognize their need to repent]."

JESUS IS QUESTIONED ABOUT FASTING (2:18–22; Matt. 9:14–17; Luke 5:33–39; John 3:29–30) 18 Now the .followers [disciples] of John [cthe Baptist; 1:4–8] and the Pharisees often fasted [cgiving up eating for spiritual purposes]. ·Some people [LThey] came to Jesus and said, "Why do John's •followers [disciples] and the •followers [disciples] of the Pharisees often fast, but your ·followers [disciples] don't?" 19Jesus answered, "The ·friends of the **bridegroom** [or wedding guests; Lchildren of the wedding hall do not fast while the bridegroom is still with them [cJesus is referring to himself; John 3:29; Rev. 19:7]. As long as the bridegroom is with them, they cannot fast. 20But the .time [Ldays] will come when the bridegroom will be taken from them, and •then [in that day] they will fast. 21"No one sews a patch of unshrunk cloth over a hole in an old ·coat [garment]. Otherwise, the patch will shrink and pull away—the new patch will pull away from

the old ·coat [garment]. Then the ·hole

[tear] will be worse.

22Also, no one ever pours new wine into old ·leather bags [wineskins]. Otherwise, the new wine will break the ·bags [skins; cas the wine ferments and expands], and the wine will be ·ruined [lost] along with the ·bags [skins]. But new wine should be put into new ·leather bags [wineskins]."

JESUS IS LORD OF THE SABBATH (2:23–28; Matt. 12:1–8; Luke 6:1–5) 23 One Sabbath day, as Jesus was walking through some fields of grain, his followers [disciples] began to [make a path and] pick some grain to eat [Deut. 23:25].

24 The Pharisees said to Jesus, "Why are your followers doing what is not lawful on the Sabbath day?" [CGleaning was viewed as work, and therefore forbidden on the Sabbath; Ex. 34:21.]

25 Jesus answered, "Have you never read what David did when he and ·those with him [his companions] were hungry and needed food [1 Sam. 21:1–6]?

26 • During the time of Abiathar [or, In the account about Abiathar] the high priest,

David went into God's house and ate the
•holy bread [consecrated bread; Lbread of presentation], which is lawful only for priests to eat [Ex. 25:30; Lev. 24:5–9]. And

David also gave some of the bread to those who were with him."

27 <u>Then Jesus said to the Pharisees</u>, "<u>The</u> Sabbath day was made ·to help people

[Tfor man]; •they were not made to be ruled by [Tnot man for] the Sabbath day.

28 So then, the Son of Man is •Lord
[Master] even of the Sabbath day."

JESUS HEALS A MAN'S HAND (3:1–6; Matt. 12:9–14; Luke 6:6–11) 3 Another time when Jesus went into a synagogue, a man with a crippled [paralyzed; deformed; shriveled] hand was there.

2-Some people [LThey; cprobably the Pharisees; see 2:24, 27] watched Jesus closely to see if he would heal the man on the Sabbath day so they could accuse him.

3 Jesus said to the man with the crippled hand, "Stand up here in the middle [front] of everyone."

4Then Jesus asked •the people [Ithem; Cprobably the Pharisees], "Which is lawful [Caccording to the law of Moses] on the Sabbath day to do good or to do evil, to save a life or to kill?" But they •said nothing to answer him [remained silent].

5Jesus was angry as he looked at them, and he felt very •sad [distressed; grieved] because •they were stubborn [of their hard hearts]. Then he said to the man, "•Hold out [stretch out] your hand." The man •held out [stretched out] his hand and it was •healed [restored].

6 Then the Pharisees left and [immediately]
began ·making plans [plotting] with the
Herodians [ca political group that
supported king Herod and his family] about

a way to ·kill [destroy] Jesus.

MANY PEOPLE FOLLOW JESUS (3:7–12; Matt. 12:15– 16; Luke 6:17–19) 7 [But] Jesus left with his ·followers
[disciples] for the lake, and a large crowd
from Galilee followed him.

8 Also many people came from Judea, from Jerusalem, from Idumea [clocated to the south], from the lands across the Jordan River, and from the area of Tyre and Sidon [clocated to the north]. When they heard what Jesus was doing, many people came to him.

⁹ When Jesus saw the crowds, he told his followers [disciples] to get a boat ready for him to keep people from crowding against [crushing] him.

the sick were pushing toward him to touch him. 11 When ·evil [defiling; unclean; see 1:23] spirits [within people] saw Jesus, they fell down before him and shouted, "You are the Son of God!"

12 But Jesus strongly ·warned [rebuked; ordered] them not to tell who he was.

JESUS CHOOSES HIS TWELVE APOSTLES

(3:13–19; Matt. 10:1–4; Luke 6:12–16) 13 Then Jesus went up ·on a mountain [to the hills] and called to him those he wanted, and they came to him.

14 Jesus ·chose [appointed] twelve
[cparalleling the twelve tribes of Israel] and called them apostles [c"apostle" means a messenger, or someone sent with a

commission]. He wanted them to be with him, and he wanted to send them out to preach

15 and to have the authority to ·force
[drive; cast] demons out of people.

16 These are the twelve he ·chose
[appointed]: Simon (Jesus named him Peter),

17 James and John, the sons of Zebedee
(Jesus named them Boanerges, which
[cin Aramaic] means "Sons of Thunder"),
18 Andrew, Philip, Bartholomew, Matthew,
Thomas, James the son of Alphaeus,
Thaddaeus, Simon the Zealot [ceither
religiously zealous, or a (former) member of
the revolutionary movement known as
Zealots],

¹⁹ and Judas Iscariot [clscariot probably means "man of Kerioth"], who later ·turned against [betrayed] Jesus.

SOME PEOPLE SAY JESUS IS POSSESSED BY AN EVIL SPIRIT (3:20– 30; Matt. 9:32–34; 12:24–37; Luke 11:14–15, 17–23; 12:10) 20 Then Jesus went ·home [into a house], but again a crowd gathered. There were so many people that Jesus and his followers could not eat.

21 When his ·family [own people] heard this, they went to ·get [seize; take charge of] him because they thought he was out of his mind.

22 But [what's more] the ·teachers of the law [scribes] from Jerusalem were saying, "·Beelzebul [canother name for Satan] is ·living inside [possessing] him! He uses power

from the ·ruler [prince] of demons to •force [drive; cast] demons out of people." 23 So Jesus called the people together and ·taught them with stories [Lspoke to them in parables; cGreek parabole, which can mean stories and analogies of various kinds]. He said, "Satan will not force himself out of people. [L"How can Satan drive out Satan?] 24 A kingdom that is ·divided [at war with itself] cannot ·continue [stand], 25 and a ·family [household; Lhouse] that is divided cannot ·continue [stand]. ²⁶ And [then, so] if Satan ⋅is [rises; rebels] against himself and fights against his own people [is divided], he cannot ·continue [stand]; that is the end of Satan. 27 No one can enter a strong man's house and ·steal [seize; plunder] his things unless he first .ties up [binds] the strong man [ls. 49:24-25]. Then he can ·steal [seize; plunder] things from the house. [cSatan is the strong man and his possessions are the people Jesus is freeing from Satan's power.] 28 I tell you the truth, all sins that people do and all the things people say against God [blasphemies] can be forgiven. 29 But anyone who ·speaks against [blasphemes] the Holy Spirit will never be forgiven; he is guilty of ·a sin that continues forever [a sin with eternal consequences; Lan eternal sin]." 30 Jesus said this because the teachers of the law said that he had an ·evil [defiling; Lunclean] spirit inside him.

JESUS' TRUE FAMILY

(3:31–35;Matt. 12:46–50; Luke 8:19–21)

Then Jesus' mother and brothers [or brothers and sisters; cthe Greek word can mean "siblings"; cf. 6:3] arrived. Standing outside, they sent someone in to tell him to come out.

32 Many people were sitting around Jesus, and they said to him, "Your mother and brothers n are ·waiting [looking; asking] for you outside."

33 Jesus asked, "Who are my mother and my brothers [and sisters]?"

Then he looked at those sitting around him and said, "·Here are [Look; ¹Behold,] my mother and my brothers [and sisters]!

35 My true brother and sister and mother are those who do ·what God wants [the will of God]."

A STORY ABOUT PLANTING SEED (4:1–9; Matt. 13:1–9; Luke 8:4–8) 4 Again Jesus began teaching by the lake [cthe Sea of Galilee]. A great crowd gathered around him, so he sat down in a boat near the shore. All the people stayed on the shore close to the water.

² Jesus taught them many things, using •stories [parables; see 3:23]. He said, ³ "Listen! A ·farmer [sower] went out to •plant [sow] his seed.

⁴ While he was ·planting [sowing], some seed fell ·by the road [along the path], and the birds came and ate it up.

5 Some seed fell on rocky ground where there wasn't much dirt. That seed •grew [sprang up] very fast, because the ground was not deep.

6 But when the sun rose, the plants ·dried up [were scorched and withered] because

they did not have deep roots.

⁷ Some other seed fell among thorny weeds, which grew and choked the good plants. So those plants did not produce ·a crop [grain].

8 Some other seed fell on good ground and began to grow. It got taller and produced ·a crop [grain]. Some plants made thirty times more, some made sixty times more, and some made a hundred times more."

⁹ Then Jesus said, "Let those with ears use them and listen!" [L"Whoever has ears to hear, let him hear."]

JESUS TELLS WHY HE USED STORIES (4:10– 12; Matt. 13:10–17; Luke 8:9– 10) 10 Later, when Jesus was alone, the twelve apostles and others around him asked him about the ·stories [parables; see 3:23].

11 Jesus said, "·You can know [To you has been given] the secret about the kingdom of God. But to ·other people [outsiders] I tell everything by using ·stories [parables]

12 so that: 'They will look and look, but they will not ·learn [perceive]. They will listen and listen, but they will not understand. ·If they did learn and understand [LOtherwise], they ·would [might] ·come back [return] to me and be forgiven [Is. 6:9–10; cf. Is. 43:8; Jer. 5:21; Ezek. 12:2]."

JESUS EXPLAINS THE SEED STORY (4:13–20; Matt. 13:18–23; Luke 8:11–15)

13 Then Jesus said to ·his followers
[Lthem], "Don't you understand this ·story
[parable]? If you don't, how will you
understand any ·story [parable; see 3:23]?

14 ·The farmer plants God's message in

15 Sometimes the .teaching [word; message] falls on the road [along the path]. This is like the people who hear the ·teaching of God [word; message], but Satan quickly comes and takes away the -teaching [word; message] that was ·planted [sown] in them. 16 Others are like the seed planted [sown] on rocky ground. They hear the .teaching [word; message] and quickly accept it with joy. 17 But since they don't allow the teaching to go deep into their lives [LBut since they have no root in themselves], they keep it only a short time. When trouble or persecution comes because of the ·teaching they accepted [word; message], they quickly ·give up [fall away; stumble]. 18 Others are like the seed planted among the thorny weeds. They hear the ·teaching [word; message], 19 but the worries of this ·life [world; age], the .temptation [deceitfulness; seduction] of wealth, and many other evil desires [desires for other things] .keep the teaching from growing and producing fruit in their lives [-come in and choke the word, making it unfruitful]. 20 Others are like the seed planted [sown] in the good ground. They hear the ·teaching [word; message] and accept it. Then they grow and produce ·fruit [a crop - sometimes thirty times more, sometimes sixty times more, and sometimes a hundred times more."

people [LThe sower sows the word].

USE WHAT YOU HAVE

(4:21-25; Luke 8:16-18)

21 Then Jesus said to them, "Do you hide a lamp under a ·bowl [basket] or under a bed? No! You put the lamp on a lampstand.

Property that is hidden will be made clear [revealed; disclosed] and every •secret [concealed] thing will be made known [brought to light/into the open].

23. Let those with ears use them and listen!

[L"If anyone has ears to hear, let him hear."]

24 And he said to them, ".think carefully
about [Pay attention to] what you hear.

•The way you give to others is the way

God will give to you [or The standard you
use to judge others will be the standard
used for you; LWith the measure you
measure, it will be measured to you], .but

God will give you even more [and even
more will be added to you].

will be given more. But those who do not have understanding [Lhave], even what they have will be taken away from them. [CThe Greek does not say what they have; but the context suggests spiritual understanding to comprehend the mysteries of the kingdom (v. 11).]

JESUS TELLS A STORY ABOUT SEED (Mark 4:26-29) 26 Then Jesus said, "The kingdom of God is like someone who plants seed in [scatters seed on] the ground.
27 Night and day, whether the person is asleep or awake, the seed still [sprouts and] grows, but the person does not know how it grows.

28 By itself the earth produces grain. First the ·plant [blade; stalk] grows, then the head, and then ·all the [the ripe] grain in the head.

29 When the grain is ready, the farmer cuts it [with a sickle], because this is the harvest time."

A STORY ABOUT MUSTARD SEED (4:30– 34; Matt. 13:31–32, 34; Luke 13:18–21)

30 Then Jesus said, "How can I show you what the kingdom of God is like? What story [parable; see 3:23] can I use to explain it?

31 The kingdom of God is like a mustard seed, the smallest seed you plant in the ground. [cThe mustard seed was the smallest seed known to Jesus' hearers.]

32 But when planted, this seed grows and becomes the largest of all garden plants. It produces large branches, and the wild birds can make nests in its shade."

33 Jesus used many stories [parables] like these to teach the crowd God's message [word]—as much as they could understand [hear].

34 He always used stories [parables] to

34 He always used •stories [parables] to teach them. But when he and his •followers [disciples] were alone, Jesus explained everything to them.

JESUS CALMS A STORM (4:35–41; Matt. 8:18, 23–27; Luke 8:22–25)

35 That evening, Jesus said to ·his followers [└them], "Let's go across the lake."

him in the boat just as he was [cmeaning he was already in the boat; 4:1]. There were also other boats with them.

37 A very strong wind came up on the lake. The waves came over the sides and into the boat so that it was ·already full of water [nearly swamped]. 38 Jesus was at the ·back of the boat [stern], sleeping on a cushion. ·His followers [LThey] woke him and said, "Teacher, don't you care that we are ·drowning [perishing]?" 39 Jesus stood up and ·commanded [reprimanded: rebuked] the wind and said to the ·waves [sea], "·Quiet! [TPeace!] Be still!" Then the wind stopped, and it became completely calm. [cThis parallels God's subduing of the waters representing chaos in the OT; Ps. 65:7; 89:9; 107:29.] 40 Jesus said to ·his followers [Lthem], "Why are you afraid? Do you still have no faith?" 41 They were ·very afraid [terrified; filled with awel and asked each other, "Who is this? Even the wind and the ·waves [sea]

A MAN WITH DEMONS INSIDE HIM (5:1–20; Matt.
8:28–34; Luke 8:26–39)

obey him!"

5 •Jesus and his followers [LThey] went to the other side of the lake to the •area [land; region] of the •Gerasenen people [CGerasa was southeast of Lake Galilee; the exact location is uncertain].

2 When Jesus got out of the boat, immediately a man with an •evil [defiling; Lunclean] spirit came to him from the •burial caves [tombs; cemetery].

3 This man lived in the •caves [tombs], and no one could tie him up [any more], not even with a chain.

- 4 [For] Many times people had used [shackles and] chains to tie the man's hands and feet, but he always ·broke them off [tore apart the chains and smashed the shackles]. No one was strong enough to ·control [subdue] him.

 5 Day and night he would wander around
- 5 Day and night he would wander around the ·burial caves [tombs] and on the hills, screaming and ·cutting [bruising] himself with stones.
- 6 While Jesus was still far away, the man saw him, ran to him, and ·fell [bowed] down before him.
- 7 The man shouted in a loud voice, "•What do you want with me [Let me alone; What business do we have with each other; └What to me and to you; see 1:24], Jesus, Son of the Most High God? I •command [beg; implore; swear to] you in God's name not to •torture [torment] me!"
- 8 He said this because Jesus was saying to him, "You evil [defiling; Lunclean] spirit, come out of the man."
- ⁹ Then Jesus asked him, "What is your name?" He answered, "My name is Legion [ca legion was about 5000 soldiers in the Roman army], because we are many spirits."
- 10 He begged Jesus again and again not to send them out of that ⋅area [land; region].

 11 A large herd of pigs was feeding on a hill near there.
- 12 The demons begged Jesus, "Send us into the pigs; let us go into them."
- 13 So Jesus allowed them to do this. The evil [defiling; Lunclean] spirits left the man

and went into the pigs. Then the herd of pigs—about two thousand of them—rushed down the hill [steep bank; precipice] into the lake and were drowned.

14 The herdsmen ran away and went to the town and to the countryside, telling everyone about this. So people went out to see what had happened.

They came to Jesus and saw the man who used to have the many evil spirits [the "legion"], sitting, clothed, and in his right mind. And they were frightened.

The people who saw this told the others what had happened to the man who had the demons living in him [been demonpossessed], and they told about the pigs.

Then the people began to beg Jesus to leave their area.

18 As Jesus was getting back into the boat, the man who ·was freed from the demons [had been demon-possessed] begged to go with him.

19 But Jesus would not let him. He said,
"Go home to your family and tell them
how much the Lord has done for you and
how he has had mercy on you."

20 So the man left and began to ·tell
[proclaim/preach to] the people in the ·Ten
Towns [or Decapolis; ca league of ten cities
east of Lake Galilee] about what Jesus had
done for him. And everyone was amazed.

JESUS GIVES LIFE TO A DEAD GIRL AND HEALS A SICK WOMAN (5:21-43;

Matt. 9:18–26; Luke 8:40–56)

21 When Jesus went in the boat back to the other side of the lake, a large crowd gathered around him there.

22 A leader of the synagogue, named

- Jairus, came there, saw Jesus, and ·fell [bowed; knelt] at his feet.
- 23 He begged Jesus, ·saying again and again [earnestly saying], "My daughter is dying. Please come and ·put [lay] your hands on her so she will be healed and will live."
- 24 So Jesus went with him. A large crowd followed Jesus and pushed very close around him.
- 25 Among them was a woman who had been bleeding for twelve years [cprobably a chronic menstrual disorder].
- 26 She had suffered very much from many doctors and had spent all the money she had, but instead of improving, she was getting worse.
- 27 When the woman heard about Jesus, she came up behind him in the crowd and touched his ·coat [cloak; garment].
 28 [LFor] She ·thought [said], "If I can just touch his clothes, I will ·be healed [get well; be saved]."
- ²⁹ Instantly her bleeding stopped, and she felt in her body that she was healed from her disease.
- 30 At once Jesus ·felt [perceived] power go out from him. So he turned around in the crowd and asked, "Who touched my clothes?"
- 131 His ·followers [disciples] said, "Look at how many people are pushing against you! And you ask, 'Who touched me?"
 132 But Jesus continued looking around to see who had touched him.

33 The woman, knowing that she was healed, came and fell at Jesus' feet. Shaking with fear, she told him the whole truth. 34 Jesus said to her, "•Dear woman [LDaughter], you are made well because you believed [your faith has saved/healed you]. Go in peace; be healed of your disease." 35 While Jesus was still speaking, some people came from the house of the synagogue leader. They said, "Your daughter is dead. There is no need to bother the teacher anymore." [LWhy trouble the teacher anymore?" 36 But Jesus ·paid no attention to [or overheard] what they said. He told the synagogue leader, "Don't be afraid; just believe." 37 Jesus let only Peter, James, and John the brother of James go with him. 38 When they came to the house of the synagogue leader, Jesus found many people there making lots of noise and ·crying loudly [Lweeping and wailing loudly]. 39 Jesus entered the house and said to them, "Why are you ·crying [weeping] and making so much noise? The child is not dead, only asleep."

40 But they ·laughed at [ridiculed] him. So, after ·throwing [putting] them [Lall] out of the house, Jesus took the child's father and mother and his three followers into the room where the child was.

41 Taking hold of the girl's hand, he said to her, "Talitha, koum!" (This means [cin Aramaic, the language Jesus commonly spoke], "Little girl, I tell you to stand up!")

42 At once the girl stood right up and began walking. (She was twelve years old.) Everyone was completely amazed.
43 Jesus gave them strict orders not to tell people about this. Then he told them to give the girl something to eat.

JESUS GOES TO HIS HOMETOWN (6:1–6a; Matt. 13:53–58; Luke 4:16–30)

6 Jesus left there and went to his hometown C[Nazareth; Matt. 2:23; Luke 2:39], and his ·followers [disciples] went with him. ² On the Sabbath day he ·taught [Lbegan] to teach] in the synagogue. Many people heard him and were ·amazed [astonished], saying, "Where did this man get these ·teachings [Lthings]? What is this wisdom that has been given to him? And where did he get the power to do ·miracles [Lsuch mighty works done by his hands]? 3 ·He is just [Lisn't this...?] the carpenter, the son of Mary and the brother of James, Joseph [CGreek: Joses], Judas, and Simon. And his sisters are [LAre not his sisters...?] here with us." So the people were ·upset with [offended by] Jesus. ⁴ Jesus said to them, "A prophet is •honored everywhere [not dishonored] except in his hometown and with his own •people [relatives; kin] and in his own ·home [household]." 5 So Jesus was not able to work any miracles there except to heal a few sick people by putting [laying] his hands on them. 6 He ·was amazed [wondered; marveled] ·at how many people had no faith [because of their unbelief].

JESUS COMMISSIONS THE TWELVE APOSTLES

(6:6b–13; Matt. 9:35; 10:1, 7– 14; Luke 9:1–6) Then Jesus went [around] to other villages in that area and taught.

7 He called his twelve followers [Ithe Twelve] together and got ready [began] to send them out two by two and gave them authority over evil [defiling; Inclean] spirits.

8 This is what Jesus commanded [ordered; instructed] them: "Take nothing for your trip [journey; way] except a walking stick [staff]. Take no bread, no bag [traveler's bag; or beggar's purse], and no money in your pockets [money belts].

9 Wear sandals, but take only the clothes you are wearing [do not wear/pack two tunics].

until you leave ·that town [that area].

11 ·If the people in a certain place refuse to welcome you or listen to you, leave that place. Shake its dust off your feet [ca sign of rejection and coming judgment] as a ·warning to [testimony against] them."

12 So ·the followers [Lthey] went out and preached that people should ·change their hearts and lives [turn from sin; repent].

13 They ·forced [drove; cast] many demons out and ·put olive oil on [anointed with oil] many sick people and healed them.

HOW JOHN THE BAPTIST WAS KILLED

(6:14-29; Matt. 14:1-12; Luke 3:19-20; 9:7-9)

14 [Now/kai] King Herod [CAntipas; a son of Herod the Great; Luke 3:1] heard about Jesus, because he was now well known. Some people said, "He is John the Baptist, who has risen from the dead. That is why he can work these miracles [Limitaculous powers are at work in him]."

15 Others said, "He is Elijah [ca great OT prophet (1 Kin. 17), who was expected to return in the end times (Mal. 4:5)]." Other people said, "Jesus is a prophet, like the prophets who lived long ago." 16 When Herod heard this, he said, "I killed John by cutting off his head. Now he has risen from the dead!" 17 Herod himself had ·ordered [sent] his soldiers to arrest John and .put [bound; chained him in prison in order to please [Lbecause of] his wife, Herodias. She had been the wife of Philip, Herod's brother, but then Herod had married her. 18 John had been telling Herod, "It is not lawful for you to be married to [have] your brother's wife."

- 19 So Herodias ·hated [had a grudge against] John and wanted to kill him. But she couldn't,
- 20 because Herod was afraid of John and protected him. He knew John was a good [righteous] and holy man. Also, though John's preaching always bothered [disturbed; puzzled; perplexed] him, he enjoyed listening to John.
- Then the ·perfect [opportune] time came for Herodias to cause John's death. On Herod's birthday, he gave a ·dinner party [banquet] for ·the most important government leaders [his nobles/high officials], the commanders of his army, and ·the most important people [leaders] in Galilee.
- 22 When the daughter of Herodiasⁿ came in and danced, she pleased Herod and the people eating with him. So King Herod

said to the girl, "Ask me for anything you want, and I will give it to you." 23 He ·promised [swore/ vowed to] her, "Anything you ask for I will give to you up to half of my kingdom." 24 The girl went [out] to her mother and asked, "What should I ask for?" Her mother answered, "Ask for the head of John the Baptist." 25 At once the girl went back [hurried back in to the king and said to him, "I want [you to give me] the head of John the Baptist right now on a platter." 26 Although the king was very ·sad [sorry; grieved; distressed], he had made a promise, and his dinner guests had heard it. So he did not want to refuse what she asked. 27 Immediately the king sent ·a soldier [an

27 Immediately the king sent ·a soldier [an executioner] to bring John's head. The ·soldier [executioner] went and cut off John's head in the prison
28 and brought it back on a platter. He gave it to the girl, and the girl gave it to her mother.

29 When John's ·followers [disciples] heard this, they came and got John's ·body [corpse] and put it in a tomb.

MORE THAN FIVE THOUSAND FED (6:30–44; Matt. 14:13–21; Luke 9:10–17; John 6:1–15) 30 The apostles gathered around Jesus and told him about all the things they had done and taught.

31 Crowds of people were coming and going so that Jesus and his followers [disciples] did not even have time to eat. He said to them, "Come away by

yourselves, and we will go to a ·lonely [isolated; deserted] place to get some rest." 32 So they went in a boat by themselves to a ·lonely [isolated; deserted] place. 33 But many people saw them leave and recognized them. So from all the towns they ran to the place where Jesus was going, and they got there before him. 34 When he ·arrived [landed; came ashore], he saw a great crowd waiting. He felt sorry [had compassion] for them, because they were like sheep without a shepherd. So he began to teach them many things. 35 When it was late in the day, his ·followers [disciples] came to him and said, ".No one lives in this place This is a remote/deserted place], and it is already very late.

to the countryside and towns around here to buy themselves something to eat."

37 But Jesus answered, "You give them something to eat." They said to him, "We would all have to work a month to earn enough money to buy that much bread!"

[L"Should we go and buy two hundred denarii worth of bread and give it to them to eat?"]

38 Jesus asked them, "How many loaves of bread do you have? Go and see."

When they found out, they said, "Five loaves and two fish."

Then Jesus told [commanded; ordered] his followers [them] to have the people sit [recline; of the posture for a banquet or dinner party; 2:15] in groups on the green grass.

40 So they sat in groups of hundreds and fifties.
41 Jesus took the five loaves and two fish and, looking up to heaven, he ·thanked
God for [blessed] the food. He ·divided
[broke] the bread and gave it to his
·followers [disciples] for them to give to the people. Then he divided the two fish among them all.

42 All the people ate and were satisfied.
43 • The followers [LThey] filled twelve baskets with the leftover pieces of bread and fish.

44 There were five thousand men who ate.

JESUS WALKS ON THE WATER (6:45–56;Matt.
14:22–36; John 6:16–25)

45 Immediately Jesus ·told [compelled; made] his ·followers [disciples] to get into the boat and go ahead of him to Bethsaida [ca town on the northern shore of Lake Galilee, east of the Jordan River across the lake. He stayed there to send the people home [dismiss the crowd]. 46 After •sending them away [saying goodbye, he went into the hills to pray. 47 That night, the boat was in the middle of the lake, and Jesus was alone on the land. 48 He saw his ·followers [disciples] struggling hard to row the boat, because the wind was blowing against them. ·Between three and six o'clock in the morning [Lat about the fourth watch of the night], Jesus came to them, walking on the water, and he ·wanted [intended; was about to .walk past [pass by] the boat. 49 But when they saw him walking on the water [lake; sea], they thought he was a ghost and cried out.

50 They all saw him and were afraid. But quickly [immediately] Jesus spoke to them and said, "Have courage! It is I. Do not be afraid."

Then he got into the boat with them, and the wind ·became calm [ceased; stopped]. They were greatly amazed.

[For] They did not understand ·about the miracle of the five loaves [the significance of the loaves; Labout the loaves], because their ·minds were closed [hearts were hardened/stubborn/dull].

[New York of the state of the loaves of the loaves] when they had crossed the lake, they came to shore at Gennesaret [Ceither the plain on the northwestern shore of the lake, or a town in that region] and tied the boat there.

54 When they got out of the boat, people immediately recognized Jesus.
55 They ran everywhere in that ·area [region] and began to bring sick people on ·mats [cots] wherever they heard he was.
56 And everywhere he went—into towns, cities, or countryside—the people brought the sick to the marketplaces.
They begged him to let them touch just the ·edge [fringe; tassels] of his coat, and all who touched it were healed.

THE THINGS THAT TRULY PLEASE GOD (7:1–23; Matt. 15:1–20; Luke 6:39; 11:37–41) 7 When some Pharisees and some
•teachers of the law [scribes] came from
Jerusalem, they gathered around Jesus.

2 They saw that some of Jesus' •followers
[disciples] ate food with hands that were
not clean, that is, they hadn't [ceremoni-

ally] washed them.

- all the Jews never eat before washing their hands
 in the way required [Lwith a fist; Cthe meaning of the idiom is uncertain; it could mean "with a handful of water," "with cupped hand," "up to the wrist" or something else] by •their unwritten laws

 [Lthe oral traditions of the elders].
- 4 •And when they buy something in the market, they never eat it [or, And when they come from the market (where they might have touched something "unclean"), they do not eat] until they wash themselves in a special way. They also •follow [hold fast to; observe] many other •unwritten laws [traditions], such as the washing of cups, pitchers, and pots.")
- ⁵ The Pharisees and the ·teachers of the law [scribes] asked Jesus, "Why don't your ·followers [disciples] ·obey [walk according to] the ·unwritten laws which have been handed down to us [traditions of the elders]? Why do they eat their food with hands that are ·not clean [defiled]?"

 ⁶ Jesus answered, "Isaiah was right when
- he ·spoke [prophesied] about you hypocrites. ·He wrote [As it is written], 'These people show honor to me with ·words [Ltheir lips], but their hearts are far from me.
- ⁷ Their worship of me is ·worthless [futile; in vain]. The things they teach are nothing but human ·rules [commandments; Is. 29:13].
- 8 You ·have stopped following [neglected;

- abandoned] the commands of God, and you ·follow [hold on to] only human ·teachingsⁿ [traditions]."
- ⁹ Then Jesus said to them, "You ·cleverly ignore [are very good at ignoring/despising] the commands of God so you can follow your own ·teachings [tradition].
- 10 [For] Moses said, 'Honor your father and your mother' [Ex. 20:12; Deut. 5:16], and 'Anyone who ·says cruel things to [speaks evil of; curses] his father or mother must be put to death' [Ex. 21:17; Lev. 20:9].
- 11 But you say a person can tell his father or mother, 'I have something I could use to help you, but it is Corban—a gift to God.' [Corban is a Hebrew term meaning dedicated or set aside to God.]
- 12 You no longer let that person ·use that money [do anything] for his father or his mother.
- 13 By your own ·rules [tradition], which you ·teach people [have handed down], you are ·rejecting [nullifying; canceling] what God said. And you do many things like that."
- 14 After Jesus called the crowd to him again, he said, "Listen to me, everyone, and understand what I am saying.
- 15 There is nothing people put into their bodies that ⋅makes them unclean [pollutes/defiles them]. [But rather] People are ⋅made unclean [polluted; defiled] by the things that come out of them.

 |16 ⋅Let those with ears use them and
- listen [see 4:23].|"n

- 17 When Jesus left the ·people [crowd] and went into the house, his ·followers [disciples] asked him about this ·story [parable; see 3:23].
- 18 Jesus said, "•Do you still not understand [Are you so dull]? •Surely you know [LDon't you know...?] that nothing that enters someone from the outside can make that person •unclean [polluted; defiled].
- 19 [Because] It does not go into the ·mind [heart], but into the stomach. Then it goes ·out of the body [Linto the sewer/latrine]." ·(When Jesus said this, he meant that no longer was any food unclean for people to eat.) [or, (In this way, Jesus cleansed all food.)]
- 20 And Jesus said, "The things that come out of people are the things that make them ·unclean [defiled].
- ²¹ •All these evil things begin inside people, in the mind [LFor from within, out of human hearts, come]: evil •thoughts [intentions; ideas], sexual sins, stealing, murder, adultery,
- 22 greed, ·evil actions [wickedness], ·lying [deceit], ·doing sinful things [indecency; lust; lewdness], ·jealousy [envy; Levil eye], ·speaking evil of others [slander; blasphemy], pride, and foolish living.
 23 All these evil things come from inside and make people ·unclean [defiled]."